

**Certified True Copy of Amendments
to the Rules of the Law Society of Saskatchewan
February 19, 2016**

It was moved, seconded and carried that the *Rules* of The Law Society of Saskatchewan be amended. Please note that deletions have a “~~line through~~” for identification purposes.

**Part 7 – Membership and Practice Privileges
Part 7A – National Mobility and Interjurisdictional Practice
Part 12 – Law Society Fees and Assessments
Schedule 1 – Law Society Fees and Assessments**

The Benchers approved amendments to update the descriptions used to identify the various fees in Part 7 & 7A and Part 12, which were either no longer accurate, ceased to exist, or had been implemented, but had not been added into Schedule 1.

Part 7 – Membership and Practice Privileges

B. Students-at-Law

Admission as a Student-at-Law

151. A person applying for admission as a Student-at-law shall submit:
- (a) an application for admission in a form approved by the Committee;
 - (b) original or notarial copies of certified government issued documentation, such as a driver's license, birth certificate or passport, verifying the applicant's identity;
 - (c) documents establishing the applicant's Suitability to Practise, including but not limited to:
 - (i) testimonials, in a form approved by the Committee, from 2 persons who have known the applicant for at least 3 years, verifying the applicant's Suitability to Practise;
 - (ii) in the case of an applicant who is a member of another governing body of the legal profession, a certificate of standing from each governing body stating:
 - (A) whether the applicant is a member in good standing;
 - (B) whether the applicant is presently the subject of any disciplinary proceedings; and
 - (C) the details of any previous disciplinary proceedings taken against the applicant;
 - (iii) a police record check or such other information from law enforcement as may be required by the Executive Director;
 - (d) documents verifying that the applicant:
 - (i) has successfully completed at least two years towards the requirements for a Bachelor's degree or Juris Doctor from a common law faculty of law in a Canadian university approved by the Federation of Law Societies of Canada;
 - (ii) holds a Certificate of Qualification issued by the National Committee on Accreditation of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada; or
 - (iii) has completed all courses and examinations required to obtain a Certificate of Qualification issued by the National Committee on Accreditation of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada;
 - (e) in the case of an applicant who was previously a student-at-law in another Canadian Province or Territory, a document stating the particulars of that experience;
 - (f) in the case of an applicant that is not a Canadian citizen, proof of the applicant's entitlement to work in Canada;
 - (g) any other information or documents requested by the Executive Director; and
 - (h) the Student-at-law application fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules fixed under subrule 820(1).

Commencement of Articles

153. (1) Following admission as a Student-at-law and approval of one or more principals, but before the commencement of articles, the Student-at-law and the principal must file:

- (a) an articling agreement in a form approved by the Committee;
- (b) documents verifying that the student:
 - (i) has successfully completed the requirements for a Bachelor's degree or a Juris Doctor from a common law faculty of law in a Canadian university approved by the Federation of Law Societies of Canada;
 - (ii) holds a Certificate of Qualification issued by the National Committee on Accreditation of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada; or
 - (iii) has completed all courses and examinations required to obtain a Certificate of Qualification issued by the National Committee on Accreditation of the Federation of Law Societies of Canada; and
- (c) the articling fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules pursuant to Rule 820(2).

(2) The Executive Director may require a Student-at-law and principal to submit an education plan within a specified time.

Assignment of Articles

158. (1) The articles of a Student-at-law may be assigned from one principal to another principal (hereinafter referred to as the "**Assignee Principal**"), provided that:

- (a) the Assignee Principal is approved by the Executive Director pursuant to Rules 152 and 176;
- (b) the Student-at-law, the principal and the Assignee Principal execute and file an assignment of articles in a form approved by the Committee; and
- (c) the articling assignment fee (as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules) fixed by the Benchers under subrule 820(3) is paid.

(2) The Executive Director may require the Assignee Principal and Student-at-law to submit a revised education plan for approval.

Bar Admission Program

159. (1) A Student-at-law must apply for admission to the Bar Admission Program (the "**Program**") at least 60 days before the commencement of the Program, by submitting:

- (a) the application form for registration in the Program;
- (b) the Bar Admission Program prescribed fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules under subrule 820(4).

(2) A Student-at-law may apply to the Executive Director to extend the deadline for application into the Program.

(3) To complete the Program, Students-at-law must:

- (a) fulfill all of the requirements of the Program pursuant to the Program Handbook; and
- (b) comply with the policies set from time to time by the Society regarding administration of the Program.

(4) The Executive Director may, upon application, approve a Student-at-law's absence from a face-to-face session or online portion of the Program.

(5) Students-at-law are expected to conduct themselves according to the standards of the profession during the Program. The Executive Director has discretion to deal with misconduct by:

- (a) placing conditions on a Student-at-law's attendance in the Program;
- (b) imposing academic sanctions; or
- (c) suspending a Student-at-law from the Program.

(6) The Student-at-law may appeal a suspension imposed by the Executive Director to a Hearing Panel, in which case a Hearing will be conducted pursuant to Rules 178-188.

(7) Students-at-law who do not successfully complete the Program will be allowed one additional opportunity to repeat the Program.

(8) Students-at-law are expected to commence articles prior to participating in the Program.

(9) Any Student-at-law who has not commenced articles upon completion of 5 modules of the Program shall discontinue the Program.

C. Lawyers

Admission as a Lawyer Following the Bar Admission Program

161. (1) A Student-at-law applying for admission as a Lawyer must:
- (a) satisfactorily complete:
 - (i) the articling term;
 - (ii) the Program; and
 - (b) deliver to the Executive Director:
 - (i) an application for admission as a Lawyer in a form approved by the Committee and pursuant to Rule 176;
 - (ii) a principal's affidavit in a form approved by the Committee;
 - (iii) an affidavit of Program attendance;
 - (iv) the oath of office;
 - (v) the lawyer admission application fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules under subrule 830(1); and
 - (vi) any other information and documents required by the *Act* or these Rules, or requested by the Executive Director.

Formal Admission

162. (1) A person who has been approved for admission under Rules 161 ~~and~~ 206 shall, within 6 months from the date of approval:
- (a) deliver to the Executive Director the lawyer enrollment fee or the admission on transfer enrollment fee (as applicable), as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules, applicable admission and the following annual fees and insurance fees: requirements fixed by the Benchers under these Rules
 - (i) one twelfth of the annual fee payable under Rule 800, times the number of months remaining in the year, including the month that the person is admitted as a lawyer; and
 - (ii) one twelfth of the liability insurance assessment payable under Rule 605, times the number of months remaining in the policy year, including the month that the person is admitted as a lawyer; and
 - (b) at a date, time and place specified by the Executive Director:
 - (i) sign the Law Society Roll; and
 - (ii) take an oath or affirmation in a form approved by the Benchers.
- (2) Each person who has complied with subrule (1) is thereby admitted to membership in the Society as a Lawyer and shall have their name entered on the Law Society Roll.
- (3) Upon the expiration of the time referred to in subrule (1), the Executive Director may:
- (a) upon application, extend the time to comply with subrule (1); or
 - (b) require the person to submit a new application for admission.

Law Professor Members

163. (1) An Active Member who is a tenured or tenure-track member of the University of Saskatchewan College of Law may apply for a change of status to a Law Professor Member.
- (2) An applicant under this Rule must deliver to the Executive Director:
 - (a) an application for change of status in a form approved by the Committee;
 - ~~(b) the law professor admission application fee fixed by the Benchers under subrule 830(5);~~
 - ~~(be)~~ an undertaking, satisfactory to the Executive Director, to only engage in the practise of law in a limited manner, including a description of their practice ("**Undertaking**"); and
 - ~~(cd)~~ any other information and documents required by the *Act* or these Rules, or requested by the Executive Director.
 - (3) A member may apply to be reinstated as a Law Professor Member by:
 - (a) submitting an application under Rule 175; and
 - (b) delivering an Undertaking.
 - (4) A member granted Law Professor Membership is entitled to practise in a limited manner consistent with the Undertaking required under subrule ~~(24)~~~~(be)~~~~(iii)~~.
 - (5) A practising certificate shall be issued to a person admitted as a Law Professor Member, and each year upon receipt of an Undertaking, and shall be endorsed with the words "Law Professor Membership."

- (6) The membership of a person admitted under ~~this Rule subrule (1) or (2)~~ ceases:
- (a) for the time during which the person is on leave from the University of Saskatchewan College of Law; or
 - (b) on the date that the person ceases to be a full-time tenured or tenure-track member of the University of Saskatchewan College of Law.

Reinstatement or Change in Membership Category

175. (1) This Rule applies to:
- (a) Former Members;
 - (b) Inactive Members;
 - (c) Retired Members;
 - (d) Law Professor Member;
 - (e) Pro Bono Member; and
 - (f) members disqualified pursuant to Rule 171.
- (2) A member may apply to the Executive Director for reinstatement in the Society or change in membership category in accordance with Rule 176 and by delivering:
- (a) the application form required by the Executive Director;
 - (b) the applicable fee as set out in Rule 850; and
 - (c) arrears, if any, of any fees payable to the Society and fulfillment of any obligation to the Society.
- (3) Where an applicant has not been actively practising law within the 5 years immediately preceding the application, there will be a rebuttable presumption that the applicant lacks competency.
- (4) An applicant under this rule who:
- (a) was a judge of the Supreme Court of Canada, the Federal Court of Canada, the Court of Appeal of Saskatchewan, the Saskatchewan Court of Queen's Bench, or the Provincial Court of Saskatchewan, shall give a written undertaking not to appear as counsel in a Court in the Province for 3 years after ceasing to be a judge; or
 - (b) served in an adjudicative capacity on an administrative tribunal shall give a written undertaking not to appear as counsel before that tribunal for 3 years after ceasing to be a member of that tribunal.

Part 7A – National Mobility and Interjurisdictional Practice

Temporary Mobility Requiring Interjurisdictional Practice Permit

196. (1) A Visiting Lawyer who fails to comply with any of the requirements set out in Rule 195(2)(d) – (g) may apply for a Permit.
- (2) A Visiting Lawyer applying under subrule (1) shall deliver to the Executive Director:
- (a) a completed Permit application, including a written consent for the release of relevant information to the Executive Director;
 - (b) the interjurisdictional practice permit fee or the interjurisdictional practice permit renewal fee (as applicable), as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules~~any required Permit fee or renewal fee~~;
 - (c) certificates of standing, dated not more than 30 days before the date of the application and in a form acceptable to the Executive Director and issued by each governing body of which the Visiting Lawyer is a member;
 - (d) proof of professional liability insurance that:
 - (i) is reasonably comparable in coverage and amount to that maintained by the Society in its compulsory program; and
 - (ii) extends to the Visiting Lawyer's practice in this Province; and
 - (e) proof that the Visiting Lawyer has defalcation coverage that:
 - (i) is reasonably comparable in coverage and amount to that maintained by the Society; and
 - (ii) extends to the Visiting Lawyer's practice in Saskatchewan.

Admission as a Transfer Lawyer

206. (1) To qualify for admission as a lawyer on transfer an applicant must:
- (a) be Suitable to Practise;
 - (b) deliver to the Executive Director:
 - (i) a completed application for admission as a lawyer on transfer, in a form approved by the Committee;
 - (ii) an original or notarial copies of certified government issued identification document, such as a driver's license, birth certificate, passport or other document acceptable to the Society which verifies the applicant's identity;
 - (iii) in the case of an applicant that is not a Canadian citizen, provide proof of the applicant's entitlement to work in Canada;
 - (iv) testimonials, in a form approved by the Committee, from 2 persons who have each known the applicant for at least 3 years, verifying the applicant's Suitability to Practise;
 - (v) a certificate from the governing body of each Canadian Province and Territory of which the applicant is a member, stating:
 - (1) whether the applicant is a member in good standing;
 - (2) whether the applicant is presently the subject of any disciplinary proceedings; and
 - (3) the details of any previous disciplinary proceedings taken against the applicant;
 - (vi) the admission on transfer application fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules fixed by the Benchers under subrule 830(3); and
 - (vii) any other information and documents required by the *Act* or these Rules which is requested.
- (2) Rules 162 and 176 apply to applications for admission as a transfer lawyer *mutatis mutandis*.

C. Practice Privileges for Members of the Chambre

Canadian Legal Advisor

208. (1) A member of the Chambre, with a Canadian Civil Law degree, or with a foreign degree and a certificate of equivalency from the Chambre, may apply for admission as a Canadian Legal Advisor by delivering to the Executive Director the following:
- (a) a completed application for admission as a Canadian Legal Advisor in a form approved by the Committee;
 - (b) original or notarially certified documents verifying identity, including valid original government issued identification including a driver's license, birth certificate, passport or other document acceptable to the Executive Director;
 - (c) testimonials, in a form approved by the Committee, from 2 persons who have known the applicant for at least 3 years, verifying the applicant's Suitability to Practise;
 - (d) a certificate of standing from the governing body of each Canadian Province and Territory of which the applicant is a member;
 - (e) an errors and omissions insurance application or exemption form;
 - (f) the admission transfer application fee and the admission on transfer enrollment fee, both as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 or these Rules fixed by the Benchers under subrule 830(3); and
 - (g) any other information and documents required by the *Act* or these Rules which is requested.
- (2) Rules 162 and 176 apply to applications for admission as a Canadian Legal Advisor *mutatis mutandis*.

D. Foreign Legal Consultants

Foreign Legal Consultants

211. (1) A person who is qualified to practise law in a country other than Canada, or in an internal jurisdiction of that country, may apply to the Executive Director for a permit to act as a foreign legal consultant in Saskatchewan by delivering to the Executive Director:

- (a) a completed permit application in a form approved by the Benchers;
- (b) the foreign legal consultant permit fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules~~fixed by the Benchers under subrule 870(1)~~; and
- (c) a written undertaking to:
 - (i) not accept, hold, transfer or in any other manner deal with funds which would, if accepted, held, transferred or dealt with by a member, constitute trust funds;
 - (ii) submit to the jurisdiction of the Society and comply with the *Act*, the Law Society Rules and *The Code of Professional Conduct*; and
 - (iii) notify the Executive Director promptly of a failure to satisfactorily complete whatever continuing legal education program is required of members of the applicable home country or internal jurisdiction.

Renewal of Permit

215. (1) A foreign legal consultant who intends to continue to act as such in Saskatchewan shall, before the expiration of a permit issued under Rule 212, apply to the Executive Director for a renewal of the permit.
- (2) A renewal application shall include:
- (a) a completed permit renewal application in a form approved by the Benchers;
 - (b) evidence satisfactory to the Executive Director that the applicant continues to comply with the requirements set out in Rules 211 and 212; and
 - (c) the foreign legal consultant renewal fee as set out in Schedule 1 following Part 12 of these Rules~~fixed by the Benchers under subrule 870(2)~~.
- (3) The Executive Director may issue a renewal permit to a foreign legal consultant who has complied with the *Act* and these Rules.
- (4) Subject to subrule (5), a renewal permit issued under subrule (3) is valid for one year.
- (5) Subrule 212(4) applies to a permit which has been renewed under subrule (3).

Part 12 – Law Society Fees and Assessments

In this part, some of the Rules were amended and some were deleted in their entirety, as some of the Rules served as “middle man” subrules between the substantive Rule and the related fee set out in Schedule 1.

Inactive Member Annual Fee

801. The inactive member annual fee in respect of each year, as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part, is payable by the preceding December 31.

Student-at-Law Fees

- ~~820. (1) The student-at-law application fee payable under Rule 151(h) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(2) The student-at-law articling fee payable under Rule 153(1)(c) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(3) The student-at-law articling assignment fee payable under Rule 158(1)(c) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(4) The fee for the Bar Admission Program payable under Rule 159(1)(b) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

Admission as a Lawyer Fees

- ~~830. (1) The lawyer admission application fee payable under Rule 161(1)(b)(v) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(2) The lawyer admission fees payable under Rule 162(1)(a) are as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(3) The admission on transfer application fee payable under Rule 206(1)(b)(vii) or on transfer as a Canadian Legal Advisor under Rule 208(1)(f) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~
- ~~(4) The admission on transfer fee payable under Rule 162(1)(a) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

~~_____ (5) The law professor admission application fee payable under Rule 163(2)(b) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

~~_____ (6) A person who is admitted as a lawyer shall pay, in addition to the fees payable under subrule (1) to (5):~~

~~(a) one-twelfth of the liability insurance assessment payable under Rule 605, times the number of months remaining in the policy year, including the month that the person is admitted as a lawyer; and~~

~~(b) one-twelfth of the annual fee payable under Rule 800 times the number of months remaining in the year, including the month that the person is admitted as a lawyer.~~

Interjurisdictional Practice Permit

~~_____ 840. The interjurisdictional practice permit payable under Rule 196 is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

Reinstatement Fees

850. (1) The reinstatement fee payable by a former member who is applying for reinstatement after having been disbarred is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.

~~_____ (2) The reinstatement fee payable by a former member who is applying for reinstatement for any reason other than disbarment is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

~~_____ (3) The reinstatement fee payable by an inactive member who is applying for reinstatement as an active member is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

(4) 2 The reinstatement fee payable by a suspended or disqualified member who is applying for reinstatement as an active or inactive member is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.

~~_____ (3) The reinstatement fee payable in all cases other than as set out in subrules (1) and (2) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

~~(5) 4~~ A member who is reinstated as an active member shall pay, in addition to the fees payable under subrule (1) to (3):

(a) one-twelfth of the liability insurance assessment payable under Rule 605, times the number of months remaining in the policy year, including the month that the person is reinstated; and

(b) one-twelfth of the annual fee payable under Rule 800 times the number of months remaining in the year, including the month that the person is admitted as a lawyer.

~~(6) 5~~ A member who is reinstated as an inactive member shall pay, in addition to the fees payable under subrule (1) to (3), the ~~annual~~ inactive member annual fee as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.

License and Permit Fees

~~_____ 870. (1) The fee payable by an applicant under Rule 211(1)(b) for a permit to become a foreign legal consultant is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

~~_____ (2) The renewal fee payable by a foreign legal consultant under Rule 215(2)(c) is as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.~~

Minimum Mandatory Education Fees Continuing Professional Development Fees

871. (1) The fees payable by an applicant for approval of a remedial CPD education plan are as set out in Schedule 1 following this pPart.

(2) The fees payable for an appeal of decisions authorized in the CPD Ppolicy shall be as set out in Schedule 1 following this pPart.

(3) The reinstatement fee payable by a member suspended-disqualified for failing to comply with the CPD Policy ~~minimum mandatory education requirements~~ shall be as set out in Schedule 1 following this pPart.

Schedule 1 – Law Society Fees and Assessments

D. Student-at-Law Fees

| | | |
|----|---|----------------|
| 1. | Student-at-law application fee | 100 |
| 2. | Articling fee | 100 |
| 3. | Articling assignment fee | 100 |
| 4. | Bar Admission Program fee | 2,450 |
| 5. | Competency Evaluation Bar Examination re-read fee, per competency evaluation examination | 50 |
| 6. | Transfer examination fee | 350 |
| 7. | Transfer examination re-read fee | 175 |
| 8. | Transfer supplemental examination | 175 |

E. Admission as a Lawyer Fees

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|------|--|----------------|
| 1. | Lawyer admission application fee | 100 |
| 2. | Lawyer enrollment admission fee | 100 |
| 3. | Admission on transfer application fee (Lawyer or Canadian Legal Advisor) | 100 |
| 4. | Admission on transfer fee (with articles) | 100 |
| 5.4. | Admission on transfer enrollment fee (Lawyer or Canadian Legal Advisor (no articles)) | 500 |
| 6. | Law professor admission application fee | 100 |
| 7. | Law professor admission fee | 100 |

F. Interjurisdictional Practice Permit

| | | |
|----|--|----------------|
| 1. | Interjurisdictional Practice Permit | 100 |
| 2. | Interjurisdictional Practice Permit Renewal | 100 |

G. Reinstatement Fees

| | | |
|------|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. | By former member, following disbarment or resignation | 1,000 |
| 2. | By former member, in all other cases | 200 |
| 3. | By inactive member becoming active member | 100 |
| 4.2. | By disqualified member becoming an active or inactive member | 100 plus fee for year of default |
| 3. | All other applications for reinstatement | 100 |

H. Certificate of Standing Fee

100

I. License and Permit Fees

| | | |
|----|--|-----|
| 1. | Foreign legal consultant permit fee | 500 |
| 2. | Foreign legal consultant renewal fee | 100 |

J. Waiver of Rules

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|----|--|-----|
| 1. | First application | 50 |
| 2. | Each subsequent application respecting the same Rule | 100 |

K. Professional Corporation

| | | |
|----|---|-----|
| 1. | Application for registration of Professional Corporation | 200 |
| 2. | Application for registration of Limited Liability Partnership | 200 |
| 3. | Annual renewal for Professional Corporation | 200 |

L. ~~Continuing Professional Development Minimum Mandatory Legal Education~~

| | | |
|----|---|-----|
| 1. | Approval of remedial CPD education plan | 500 |
| 2. | Appeal of decisions | 100 |
| 3. | Reinstatement fee payable by member suspended-disqualified for failing to comply with the CPD Policy minimum mandatory education requirements | 100 |

Rule 154 – Articling Term

Rule 154 was amended to ensure that the amount of time students are away from articles is not detrimental to their articling experience.

Articling Term

154. (1) The articling term will commence on the date when all conditions necessary for commencement of articles have been satisfied pursuant to Rule 153 and shall end on the expiry of 12 months.

(2) The 12-month articling term includes:

- (a) the period of time that the Student-at-law attends the Bar Admission Program; and
- (b) such reasonable time away from articles for vacation not to exceed 15 working days, and time away for illness or other personal reasons as may be approved by the principal, so long as the principal is satisfied that the time away shall not be detrimental to the Student-at-Law's articling experience; and not to exceed 15 working days; but does not include:
- (c) any time spent articling before the requirements referred to in Rule 153(1) have been fulfilled; and
- (d) any time spent at the Bar Admission Program prior to the fulfillment of the requirements of Rule 153(1)(b).

(3) The twelve month term shall be completed within 24 months of commencement of the articling term or the Student-at-law status may be revoked.

(4) The Executive Director may approve applications to:

- (a) amend the articling start date in exceptional circumstances; and
- (b) extend the articling term in circumstances where an extended leave is required by the Student-at-law during the articling term.

Rule 196 – Temporary Mobility Requiring Interjurisdictional Practice Permit

Other jurisdictions have defalcation compensation coverage, although it is not always comparable in coverage and amount to that maintained by the Law Society of Saskatchewan. Section 11 of the National Mobility Agreement does not require that defalcation compensation coverage be comparable from one province to another; since our Rules are inconsistent with the National Mobility Agreement, they require amendment.

Temporary Mobility Requiring Interjurisdictional Practice Permit

196. (1) A Visiting Lawyer who fails to comply with any of the requirements set out in Rule 195(2)(d) – (g) may apply for a Permit.

(2) A Visiting Lawyer applying under subrule (1) shall deliver to the Executive Director:

- (a) a completed Permit application, including a written consent for the release of relevant information to the Executive Director;
- (b) any required Permit fee or renewal fee;
- (c) certificates of standing, dated not more than 30 days before the date of the application and in a form acceptable to the Executive Director and issued by each governing body of which the Visiting Lawyer is a member;
- (d) proof of professional liability insurance that:
 - (i) is reasonably comparable in coverage and amount to that maintained by the Society in its compulsory program; and
 - (ii) extends to the Visiting Lawyer's practice in this Province; and
- (e) proof that the Visiting Lawyer has defalcation compensation coverage from a governing body that:
 - ~~(i) is reasonably comparable in coverage and amount to that maintained by the Society; and~~
 - ~~(ii) extends to the Visiting Lawyer's practice in Saskatchewan.~~



**CERTIFIED to be a true copy of the resolutions passed
by the Benchers of the Law Society of Saskatchewan
at their meeting held February 19, 2016.**

**THOMAS J. SCHONHOFFER, Q.C.
Executive Director**