Waiver of Rules

890. A member shall pay, at the time of application for a variation, waiver or suspension of a Rule under Rule 1903, a rules waiver application fee as set out in Schedule 1 following this Part.

[next rule is Rule 900]

Schedule 1 LAW SOCIETY FEES AND ASSESSMENTS

A.	Active Member Annual Fee	\$		
	Practice fee	1,750		
	Special Fund assessment (included in Practice fee)	200		
	Late payment fee	75/wk or part thereof		
	Practice fee Special Fund assessment (included in Practice fee) Late payment fee Electronic payment fee	100		
R	Inactive Member Fees			
٥.	Inactive member annual fee	150		
C.	,,	4.500		
	1. Annual Assessment			
	 Late payment fee Insurance deductible reimbursement late payment fee 	75/WK or part thereof		
	o. Insurance deductible reimbursement late payment lee			
D.				
	Student-at-law application fee	100		
	Articling fee	100		
	Articling assignment fee	100		
	Bar Admission Program fee	2,450		
	Bar Examination re-read fee, per examination	50		
	Transfer examination fee	350		
	7. Transfer examination re-read fee	175		
	Transfer supplemental examination	175		
E.	Admission as a Lawyer Fees			
	Lawyer admission application fee	100		
	2. Lawyer admission fee	100		
	Admission on transfer application fee	100		
	Admission on transfer fee (with articles)	100		
	Admission on transfer fee (no articles)	500		
	Law professor admission application fee	100		
	7. Law professor admission fee	100		
F.	Interjurisdictional Practice Permit			
٠.	Interjurisdictional Practice Permit	100		
	1. Interjunctional Flaction Formit			
G.				
	By former member, following disbarment or resignation	1,000		
	By former member, in all other cases	200		
	3. By inactive member becoming active member4. By disqualified member becoming an active or inactive member	100 plus foo for year of default		
	4. By disqualified member becoming an active of mactive member	100 plus fee for year of default		
Н.	Certificate of Standing Fee	100		
ı.	License and Permit Fees			
•	Foreign legal consultant permit fee	500		
	Foreign legal consultant renewal fee	100		
J.	Waiver of Rules 1. First application	50		
	 First application Each subsequent application respecting the same Rule 	100		
	2. Lacit subsequent application respecting the same rule	100		
K.				
	Application for registration of Professional Corporation	200		
	Application for registration of Limited Liability Partnership	200		
	Annual renewal for Professional Corporation	200		

L.	Minimum	Mandatory Legal Education	
	1.	Approval of remedial education plan	500
	2.	Appeal of decisions	100
	3.	Reinstatement fee payable by member suspended for failing to comply	
		with minimum mandatory education requirements	100

Note: The federal goods and services tax applies to Law Society fees and assessments

[Part K added September, 2001]
[Part D(4) amended February 5, 2004]
[Part C 4. added Oct., 2007]; [Amended Dec. 7, 2007]
[Part F amended December 5, 2008]
[Part D(4) amended May 1, 2009]
[Part A(3), C(1) and (2) amended; Part L added September 17, 2009]
[Part K (1), (2) and (3) amended February 11, 2010]
[Part D (4) amended April 15, 2010]
[Part A (1) and C (1) amended June 17, 2010]
[Part C(1) amended; C(4) deleted April 14, 2011]
[Part A(2) amended October 21, 2011]
[Part C(1) amended April 27, 2012]
[Part A(1) amended October 26, 2012]
[Part C(1) amended April 25, 2013]

[Part E amended to remove duplicate categories of law professors, November 1, 2014] [Part A(1) and (2); Part K(1), (2) and (3); and Part L(1) amended, October 16, 2015]

PART 13

Accounting

A. Definitions

Definitions

900. In this Part,

"cash" means coins referred to in section 7 of the *Currency Act*, and notes issued by the Bank of Canada pursuant to the *Bank of Canada Act*, that are intended for circulation in Canada and coins or bank notes of countries other than Canada:

"client" includes a person or unincorporated body on whose behalf a member receives funds in connection with the member's practice of law;

"currency" includes current coins, government or bank notes of Canada or any other country;

"funds" means cash, currency, securities and negotiable instruments or other financial instruments or other financial instruments that indicate the person's title or interest in them;

"general account" means an account in a savings institution maintained by a member into which is deposited funds received by the member in connection with the member's practice of law, which are not trust funds:

"mixed trust account" means an account referred to in section 78(1) of the *Act*, into which is deposited money received or held in trust for or on account of clients generally;

"money" includes cash, cheques, drafts, credit card sales slips, post office orders and express and bank money orders;

"public body" means:

- (a) a department or agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or of a province;
- (b) an incorporated city, town, village, metropolitan authority, township, district, county, rural municipality or other incorporated municipal body or an agent of any of them, or
- (c) an organization that operates a public hospital and that is designated by the Minister of National Revenue as a hospital under the *Excise Tax Act* or an agent of the organization,

"savings institution" means:

- (a) the Bank of Canada;
- (b) a bank included in Schedule I or II to the *Bank Act* (Canada) which is insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation;
- (c) a credit union incorporated, continued or registered under the *Credit Union Act,* 1985; or
- (d) a trust company which:
 - (i) is incorporated under the *Trust Companies Act* (Canada); or
 - (ii) has net assets in excess of \$10,000,000;

"separate trust account" means an interest-bearing trust account or a savings, deposit, investment or similar form of account in a savings institution in Saskatchewan;

"trust funds" means any monies received by a lawyer, in his/her capacity as a lawyer, which are not intended to immediately become property of the lawyer and include:

- (a) funds from a client for services to be performed or for disbursements to be made on behalf of the client; or
- (b) funds which belong in part to a client and in part to the member, and it is not practicable to split the funds;
- (c) funds received from or held on behalf of a third party which relate to a transaction in which a client is involved, but does not include funds which are to be remitted to any government by way of taxes or employee payroll deductions.